# Exploring the links between mental and physical health: The patients experience

Overview of GAMIAN-Europe Survey

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European Parliament, 4 December 2012



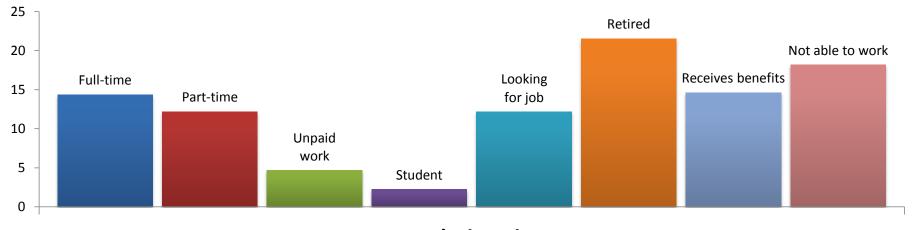
#### PATIENT SURVEY ON MENTAL AND PHYSICAL HEALTH OVERVIEW

In 2011, building on the work of the Mental and Physical Health Platform, GAMIAN-Europe conducted a **patient survey on the impact of physical problems on mental health patients.** This project was enabled through support from Bristol-Myers Squibb and Otsuka.

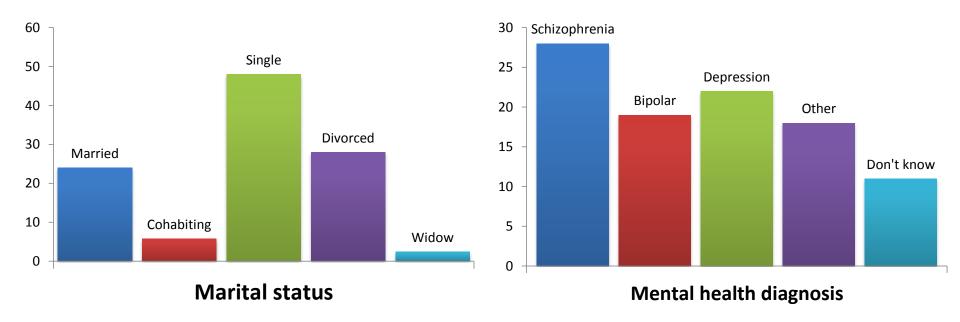
#### Survey methodology:

- <u>1156 people suffering from mental health problems, across 30 countries</u> responded to the survey. Respondents were primarily GAMIAN-Europe members, well-educated and computer literate, from 18 to 70+ years old, but did not include homeless or institutionalized patients.
- This survey is not a scientifically conducted academic analysis, but a **representation of patients' perspectives** on the links between mental and physical health.
- The survey was **reviewed by a steering committee** of patient representatives, academics and policy experts: Marc De Hert (University Leuven KU Leuven), David McDaid (London School of Economics and Political Science) and John Bowis OBE (UK).
- The survey questionnaire was **translated into 20 languages** in order to allow respondents to answer without any barriers.
- The survey ran from November 2011 until April 2012.
- The survey was accessible online on the GAMIAN website and on the GAMIAN Facebook,
   Twitter and LinkedIn accounts.

## PATIENT SURVEY ON MENTAL AND PHYSICAL HEALTH FINDINGS – RESPONDENTS' PROFILE

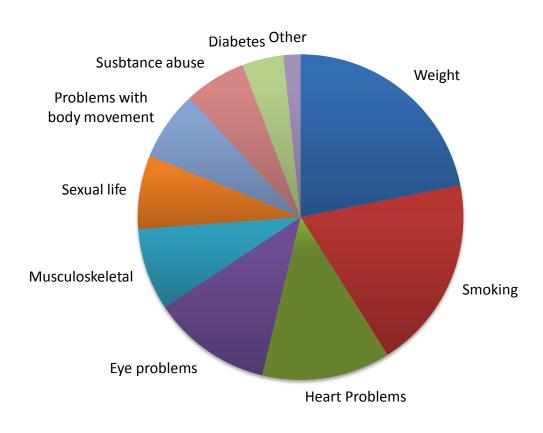


#### **Work situation**



#### PATIENT SURVEY ON MENTAL AND PHYSICAL HEALTH FINDINGS – PHYSICAL HEALTH PROBLEMS

## Respondents with physical problems suffer from



85% of respondents suffer from physical problems.

#### PATIENT SURVEY ON MENTAL AND PHYSICAL HEALTH FINDINGS – PHYSICAL HEALTH PROBLEMS

63% of the physical problems were diagnosed after the mental health problems, indicating that the physical problems could be a consequence of the mental disorder.

Nearly 50% of respondents think that their physical health conditions are linked to their mental health condition or treatment.



Mental health patients are 2 to 3 times more likely to develop a chronic condition such as diabetes and other cardiovascular risk factors. Only 1/3 have normal weight.

#### PATIENT SURVEY ON MENTAL AND PHYSICAL HEALTH FINDINGS – BARRIERS TO CARE

41% of respondents have experienced barriers to receiving care for their physical problems.

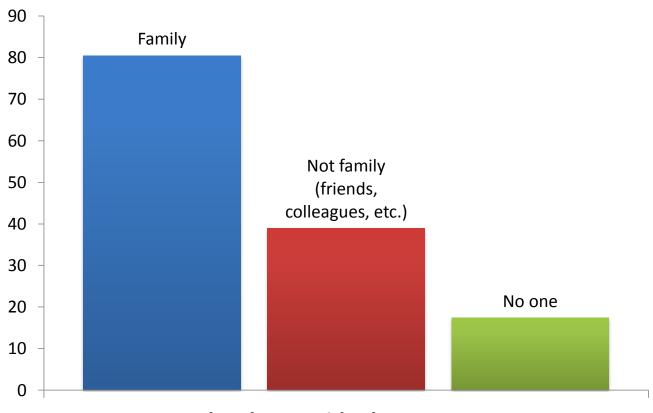
### The main barriers to

receiving care for patients' physical problems is **user charges** (financial reasons), **stigma** (fear of disclosing the mental health problems), and **lack of referral**.

Only 20% said they were concerned about weight gain.

30% said that they are not allowed to live as they wish

#### PATIENT SURVEY ON MENTAL AND PHYSICAL HEALTH FINDINGS – CARE AND SUPPORT SYSTEM



People who provide the most support

# PATIENT SURVEY ON MENTAL AND PHYSICAL HEALTH INFORMATION BY/FROM HEALTHCARE PROFESSIONALS

39% respondents indicated that their mental health doctor had failed to ask about the medications they may have been prescribed for any physical condition.

## One quarter

explained that their psychiatrists
explained too little, or way too
little, how mental problems
could affect their physical
health.

## PATIENT SURVEY ON MENTAL AND PHYSICAL HEALTH KEY CONCLUSIONS

- Better communication is needed between mental health and physical health professionals.
- Mental health and physical health should be integrated and systematically streamlined across various health issues.
- Specialist care should focus more on the potential risks of co-morbidity.
- Mental health professionals should pay particular attention to the physical consequences and side effects of mental health conditions or treatments.
- Need to work towards removing barriers to receiving support for physical problems, especially regarding financial hurdles and stigma.